

I/O

```
cat(object.to.print.1, object.to.print.2, ...)  
paste(object.to.print.1, object.to.print.2, ...)
```

other settings:

```
sep="" (no spaces between items)  
"\n" (newline)
```

```
round(a.double, num.digits)
```

```
trunc(a.double)
```

```
letters, LETTERS
```

```
month.abb, month.name
```

```
stop(a.message)
```

```
a.variable <- readline()
```

```
a.variable <- readline(a.prompt)
```

```
a.variable <- as.integer(readline()) (or double, or ...)
```

Computation – mathematical operations

`+`, `-`, `*`, `/` (*add, subtract, multiply, divide*)

`^` (*powers*)

`%%` (*remainder after division*)

`%*%` (*matrix multiplication*)

`min(a.vector)`, `max(a.vector)` (*consider na.rm=TRUE*)

`mean(a.vector)`, `median(a.vector)` (*consider na.rm=TRUE*)

`sum(a.vector)`, `prod(a.vector)`

`cumsum(a.vector)` (*cumulative sum*)

`diff(a.vector)` (*successive differences*)

`sort(a.vector)`

`sort(a.vector, decreasing=TRUE)`

`order(a.vector)`

Computation – logical operations

`==, >, >=, <, <=, !=` (*comparison*)
`a.vector %in% a.vector` (*member of set*)
`&, |, !` (*element-wise “and,” “or,” “not”*)
`any(a.logical.vector), all(a.logical.vector)`
`is.na(a.vector)` (*test for NA values*)
`which(a.logical.vector)`
`which(a.logical.matrix, arr.ind=TRUE)`
`which.min(a.vector), which.max(a.vector)`
`ifelse(a.logical.vector, vector.1, vector.2)`

Branching

```
if ( condition ) {  
    ...statements ...  
}
```

```
if ( condition ) {  
    ...statements ...  
} else {  
    ...statements ...  
}
```

compound conditions:

&& (“and”)

|| (“or”)

! (“not”)

Repetition

Counter-controlled:

```
for (var in vector) {  
    ...statements ...  
}
```

Condition-controlled:

```
repeat {  
    ...statements ...  
    ...break...  
}
```

```
while ( condition ) {  
    ...statements ...  
}
```

Functions

Defining a function:

```
func.name <- function(argument1, argument2, ...) {  
  ...statements ...  
  return( variable or value )  
}  
  
func.name <- function(argument1=default.value1,  
                      argument2=default.value2, ...) {  
  ...statements ...  
  return( variable or value )  
}
```

Including another .R file to use a function it has defined:

```
source("nameOfFileWithFunction.R")
```

Calling a function:

```
answer <- func.name(my.var.1, 57, (my.var.2 + 18)/2)
```